

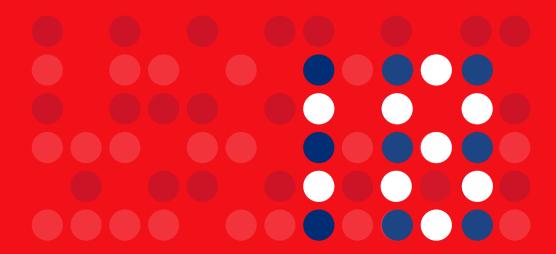
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection in the Netherlands

HIV Monitoring Report

2018

Chapter 6: Distinct populations:

Pregnancies in women living with HIV in the Netherlands



About Stichting HIV Monitoring

Stichting HIV Monitoring (<u>SHM</u>), the Dutch HIV monitoring foundation, was founded in 2001 and appointed by the Dutch minister of Health, Welfare and Sport as the executive organisation for the registration and monitoring of HIV-positive individuals in the Netherlands.

SHM comprehensively maps the HIV epidemic and HIV treatment outcomes in the Netherlands, thereby contributing to the knowledge of HIV. In collaboration with the HIV treatment centres in the Netherlands, SHM has developed a framework for systematically collecting HIV data for the long-term follow up of all registered individuals. The Netherlands is the only country in the world to have such a framework, which enables healthcare professionals to aspire to the highest standard of HIV care.

In addition to national reports, healthcare professionals are provided with treatment centre-specific reports to enable them to monitor and optimise care provided in their centres. Moreover, upon request, SHM data are also made available for use in HIV-related research, both in the Netherlands and internationally. The outcome of SHM's research and international collaborations provides tangible input into policy guidelines and further improves HIV care in the Netherlands.

Our mission

To further the knowledge and understanding of all relevant aspects of HIV infection, including comorbidities and co-infections (such as viral hepatitis), in HIV-positive persons in care in the Netherlands.



Monitoring Report 2018

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
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Interactive PDF user guide

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Links in this PDF

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Reference numbers

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6. Distinct populations: Pregnancies in women living with HIV in the Netherlands

In February 2018, Stichting HIV Monitoring launched a new data entry system, DataCapTree. The initial set of data collection protocols implemented in DataCapTree did not include data on pregnancies in women living with HIV in the Netherlands. Collection of this information was not initiated until later in 2018 and, consequently, at the time of writing this report, insufficient data were available on pregnancies in women living with HIV in 2017 to allow us to carry out informative analyses. We therefore refer our readers to the HIV Monitoring Report of 2017, which provides a comprehensive overview of pregnancies in women living with HIV in the Netherlands up to the end of 2016. An update will be provided in next year's report.

